

The ECMWF forecast visualization challenge: winning idea

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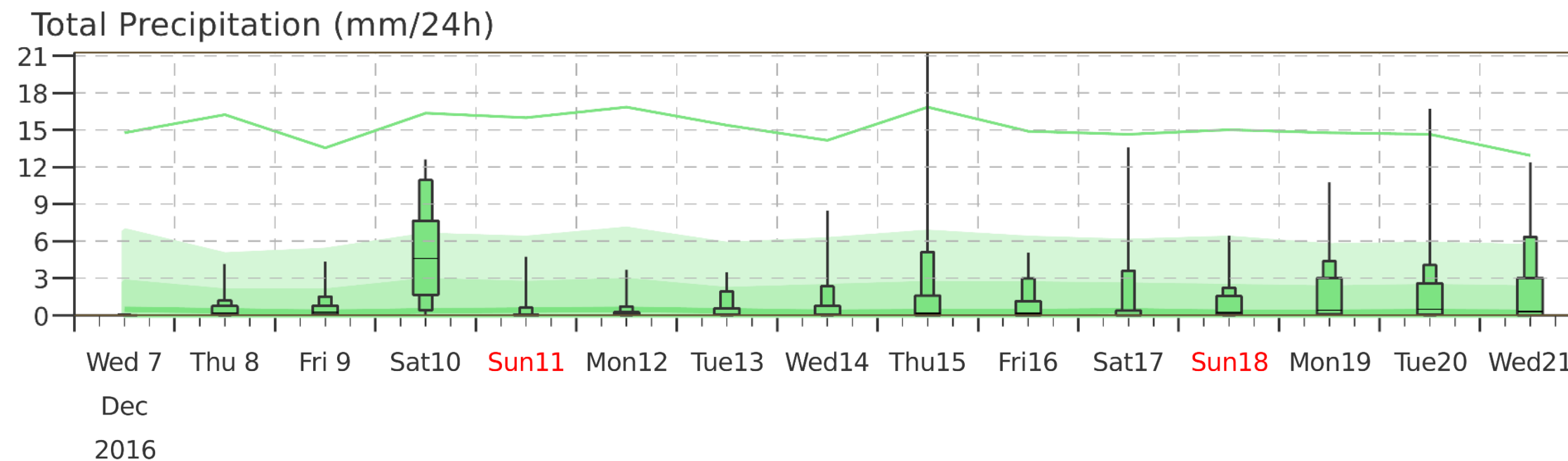


Stephan Juricke



The challenge

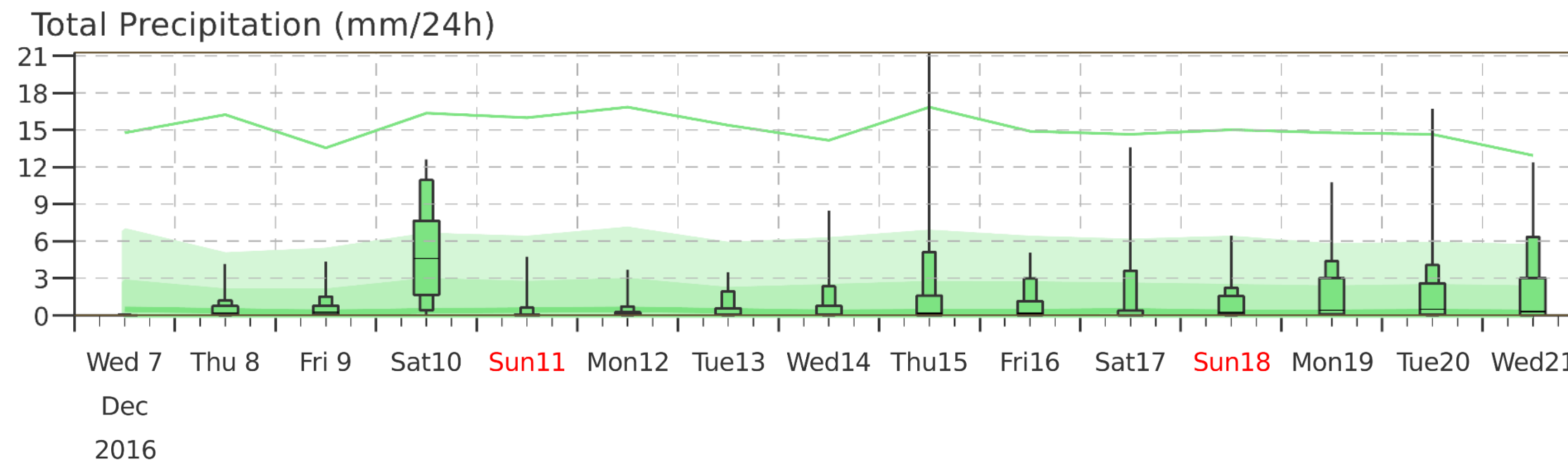
- ECMWF developed the Ensemble (ENS) Meteogram to communicate probabilistic forecast information
- The meteogram summarizes the ensemble distribution at a specific location for a set of parameters
- A challenge to improve the meteogram was issued at UEF2016



The challenge

Three ideas for inspiration:

1. Innovation in displaying the ensemble distribution forecast
2. Adding components
3. Designing a user interface to allow more customization



The philosophy: *“Progressive disclosure of information”*

A platform to gradually explore the forecast along different avenues following a user's particular interest without being overwhelmed with all the data at once

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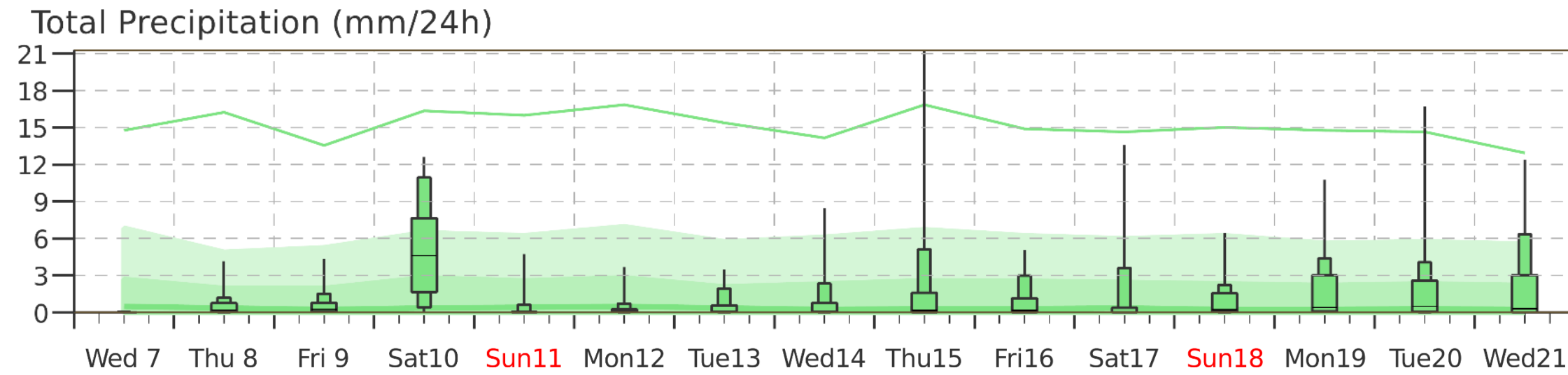
A platform to gradually explore the forecast along different avenues following a user's particular interest without being overwhelmed with all the data at once

The implementation

- A clean and visually appealing web-based user interface
- Ability to compare current with previous forecasts
- Probabilities of exceeding an adjustable threshold
- Information on expected forecast skill & decision support

A clean and visually appealing web-based user interface

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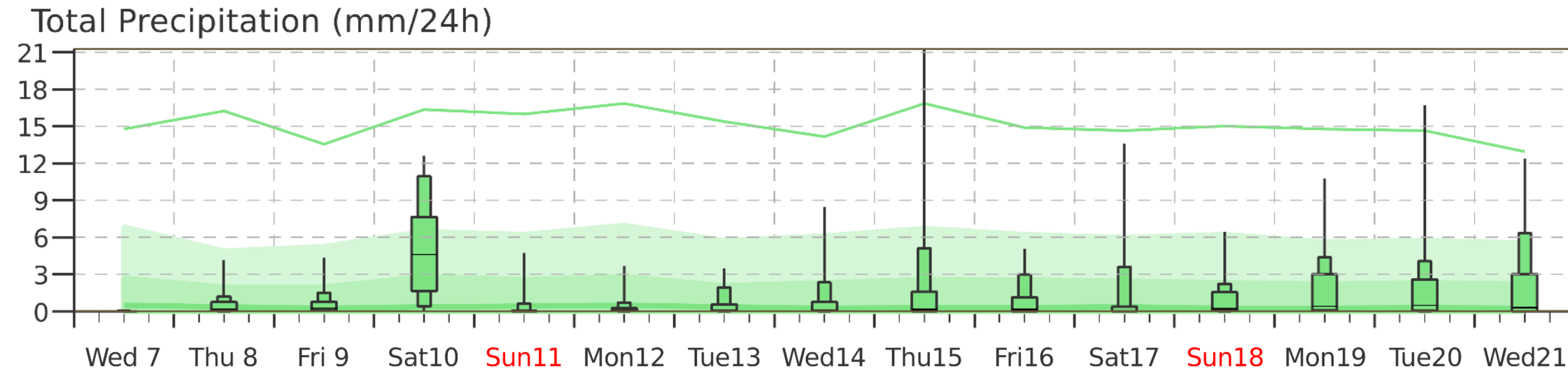


Oxford

Precipitation

- Climatology
- Show previous forecasts
- Set threshold and get forecast probabilities
- Decision support

Ability to compare current with previous forecasts

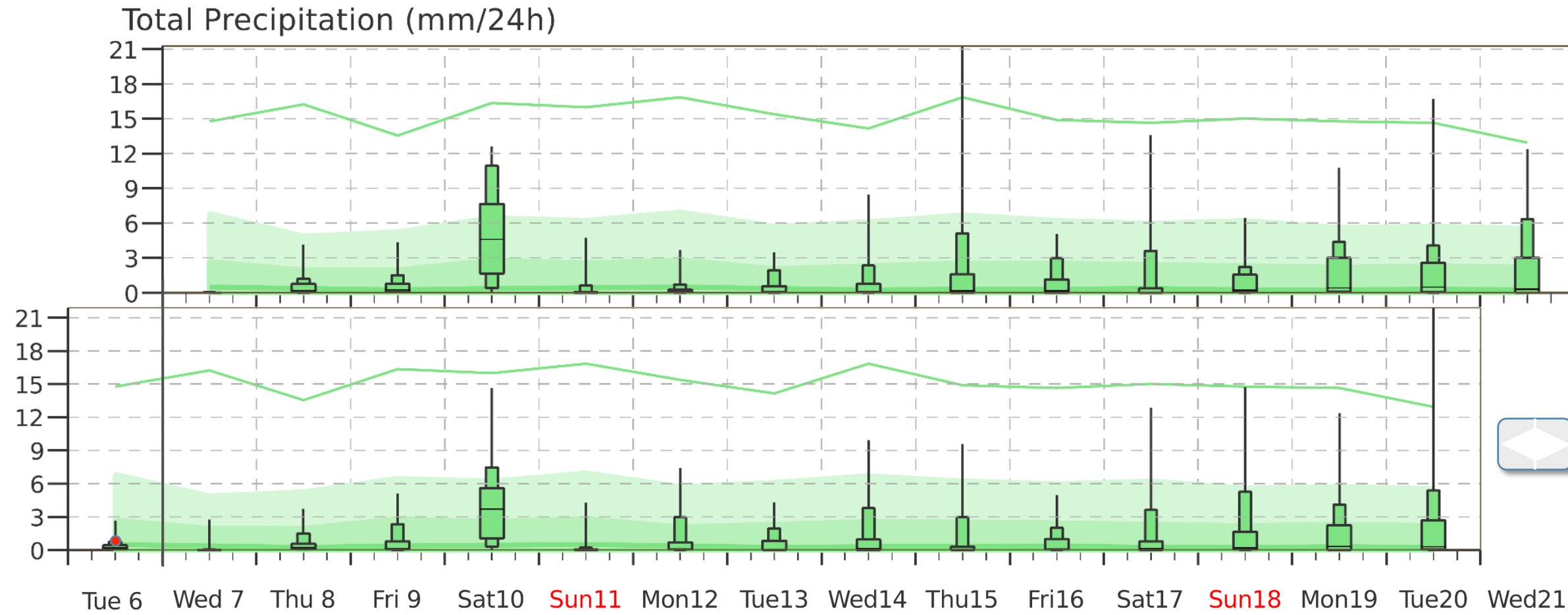


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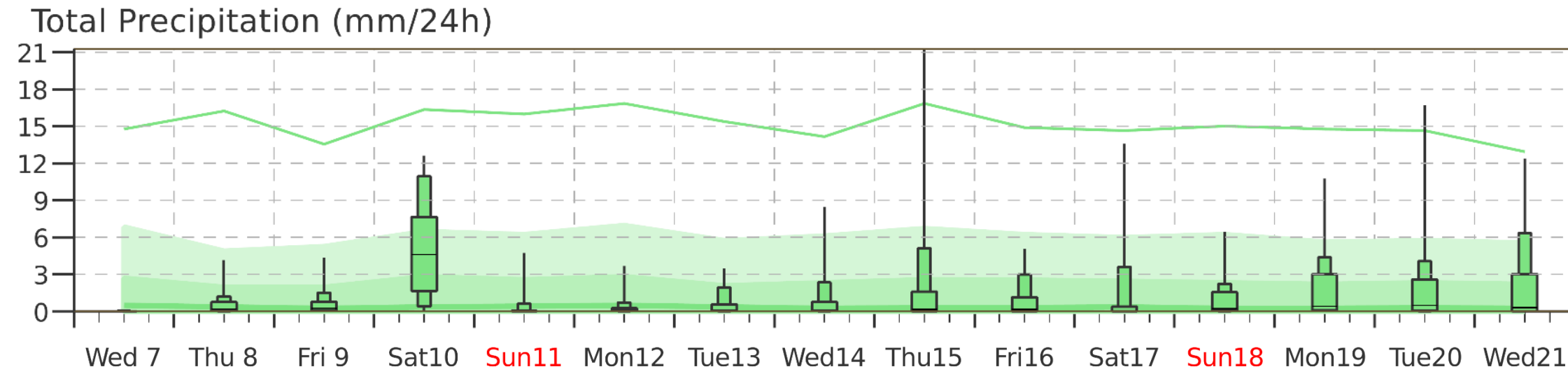
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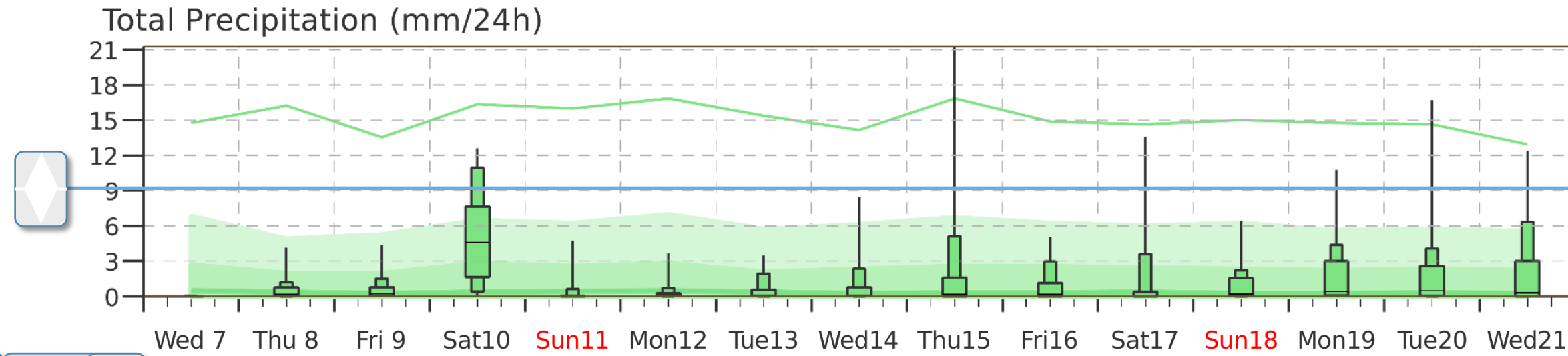


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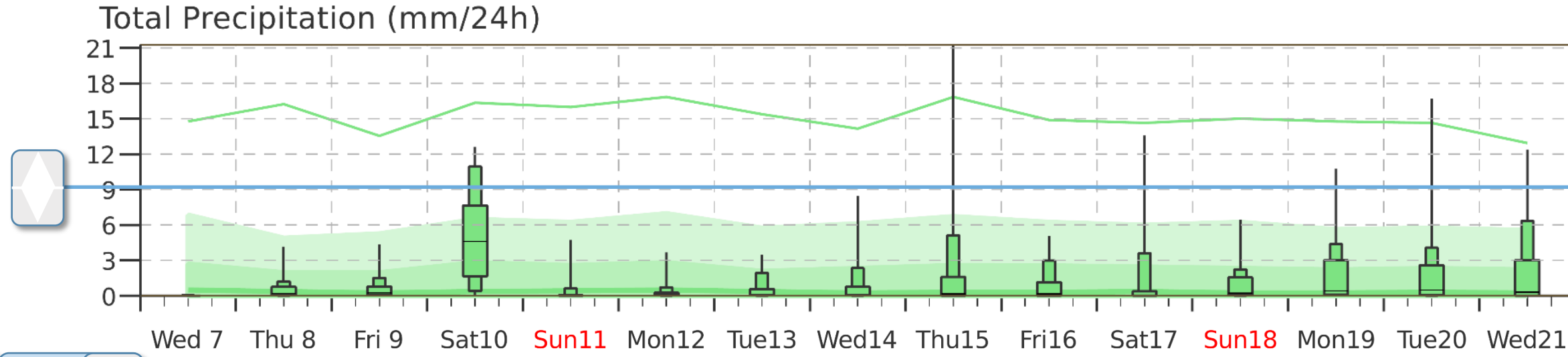
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Precipitation

Chance of greater than 9mm

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Information on expected forecast skill and decision support



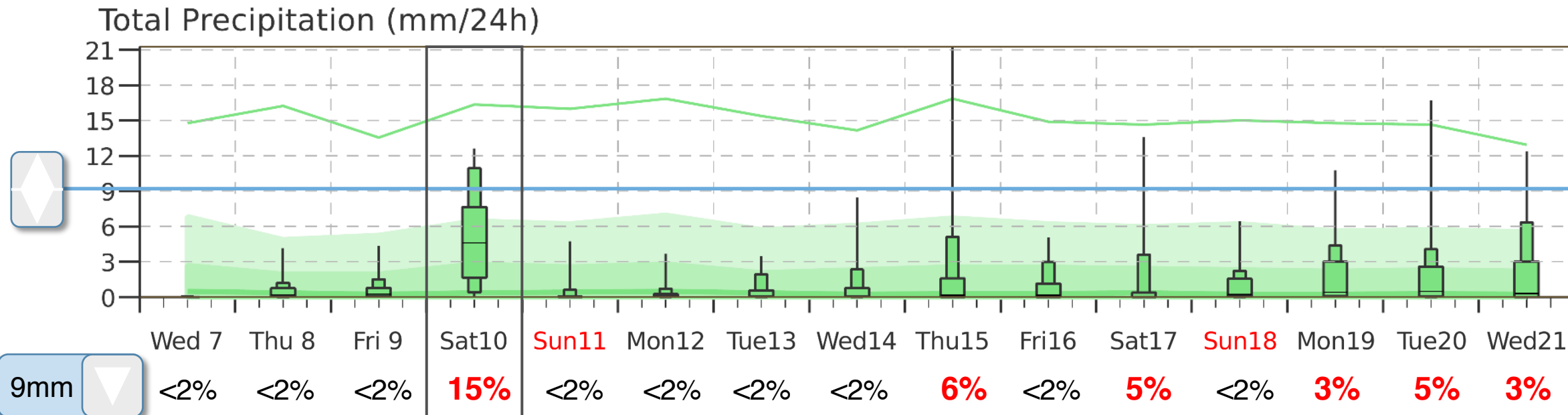
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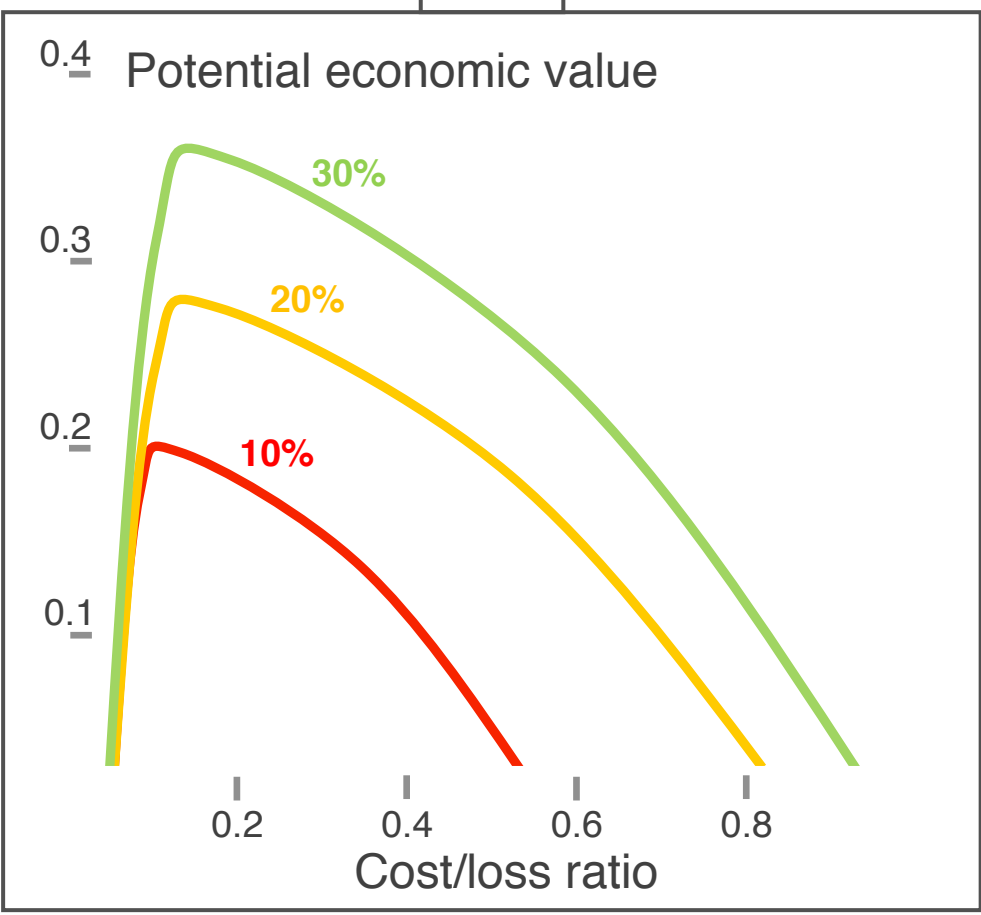


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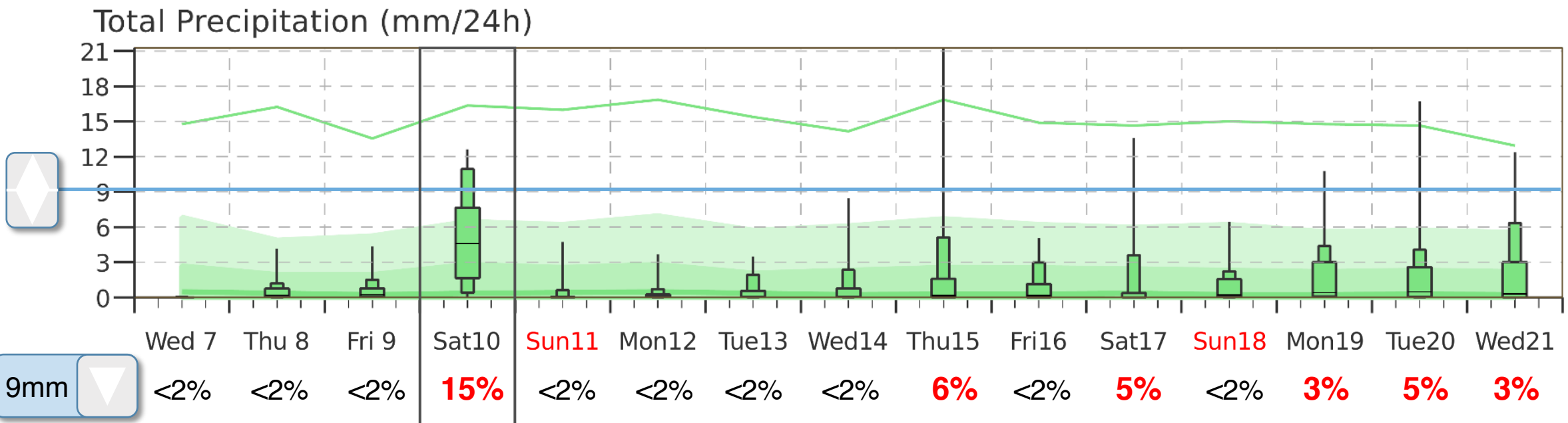
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The figure on the left shows potential economic value curves. These curves indicate a theoretical economic value of the forecast across a range of cost/loss ratios, based on past performance at this lead-time. The economic value of a forecast is calculated by comparing the expense across reforecasts based on a simple cost/loss model, compared to default 'climatological' action (that is, always acting or never acting). Each curve indicates the value of the forecast if action is taken only when a certain forecast probability is exceeded, the **decision threshold**.

The figure indicates that the forecast has value at this lead time across a range of decision thresholds. The maximum value will be extracted by choosing to only take action when the forecast probability is above **30%**. However, the forecast will still show value over time for decision thresholds **10% & 20%**, though not for all individual values of cost & loss.

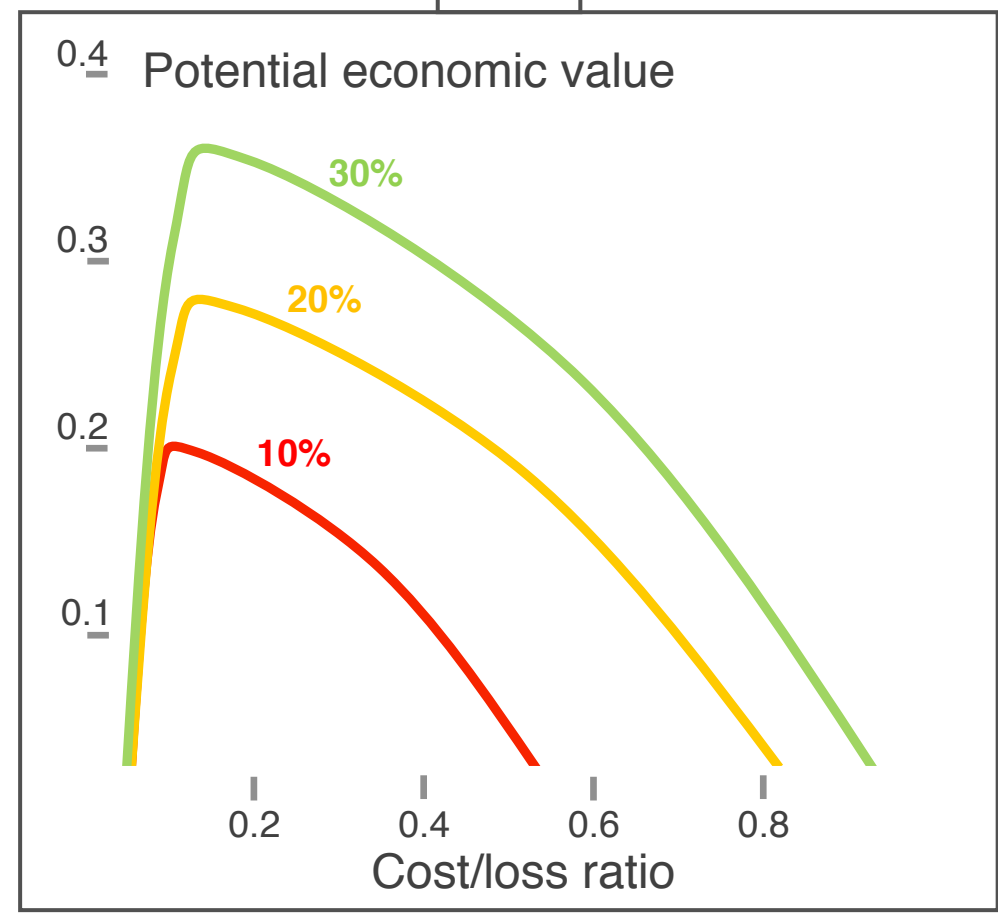


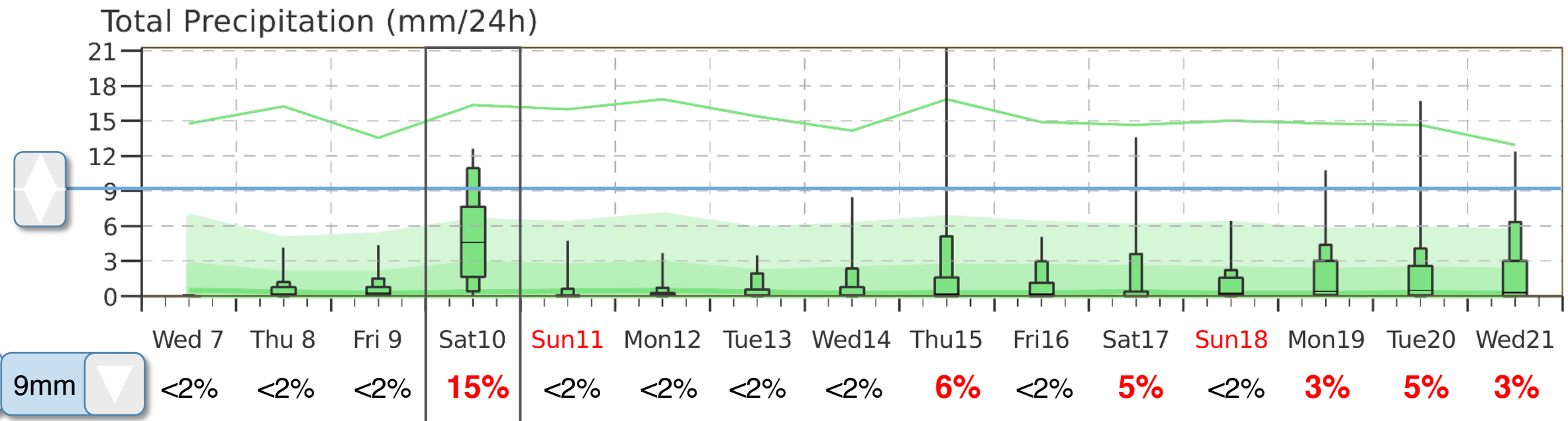
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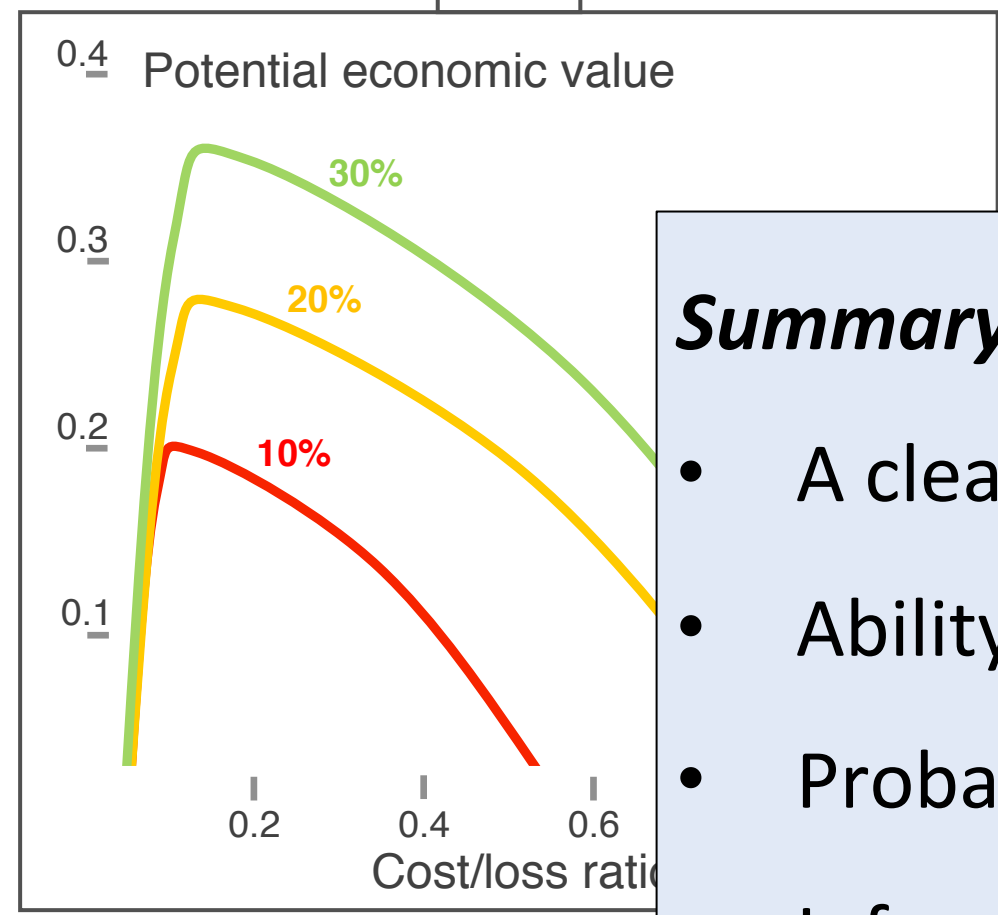


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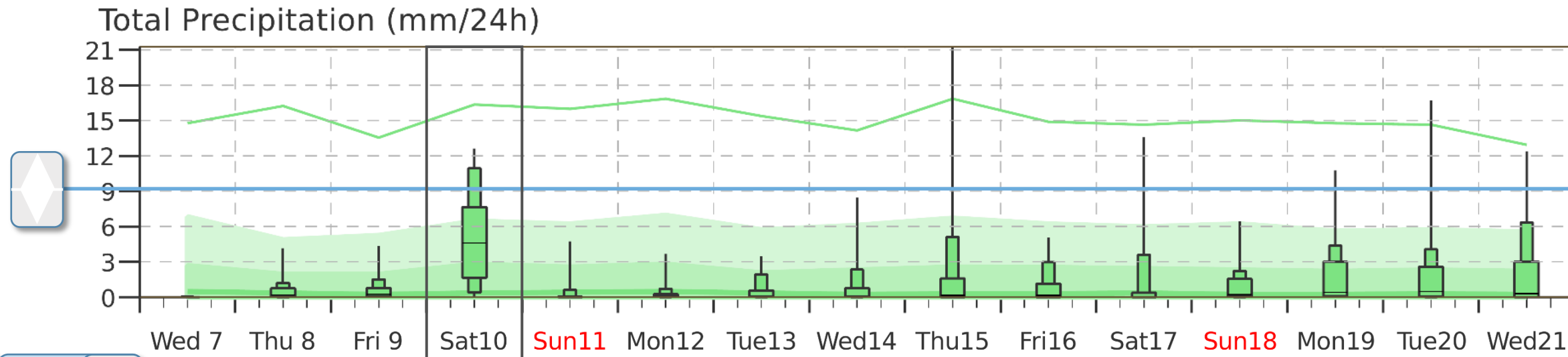
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Summary: "Progressive disclosure of information"

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Thanks for listening – any questions?

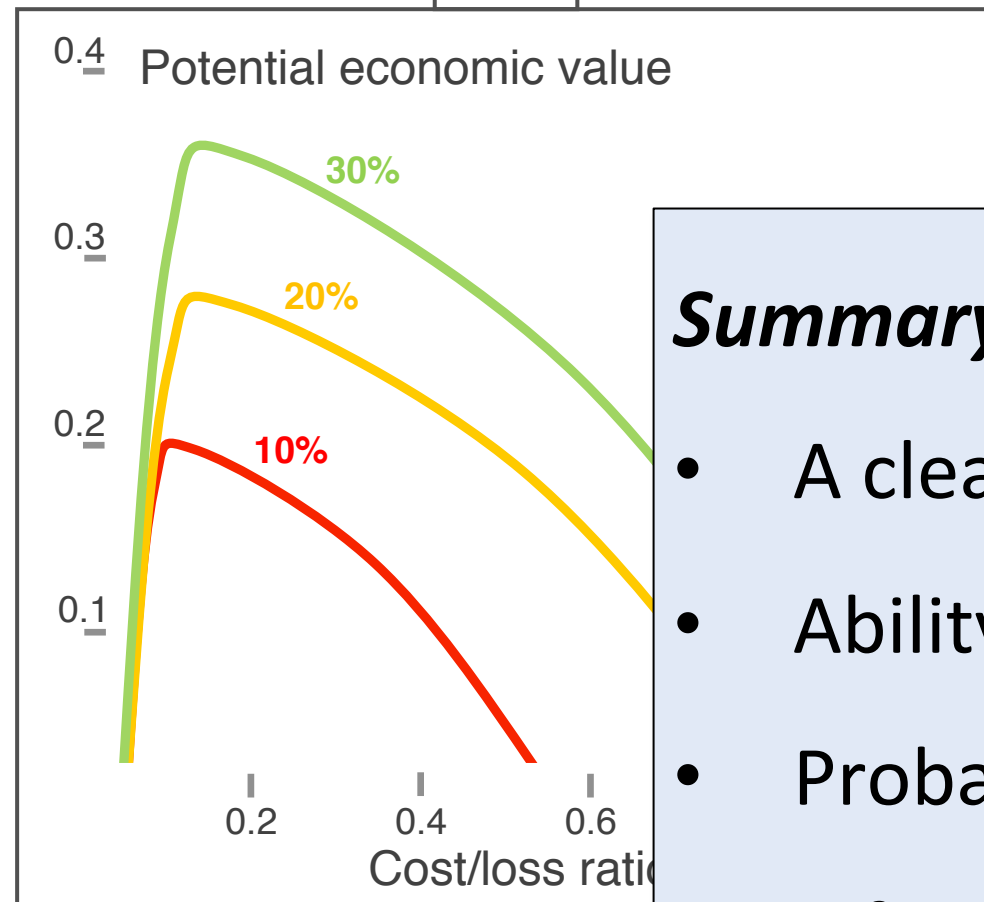


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