

Product plans and science applications for MTG-IRS

Bojan R. Bojkov

Head of Remote Sensing and Products



- Overview of EUMETSAT Missions
- MTG and the IRS instrument
- IRS product plans and science applications
- Summary



To establish, maintain and exploit European operational meteorological satellite systems, while considering the recommendations of WMO as much as possible

A further objective is to contribute to **operational climate monitoring** and detection of **global climatic changes**

By fulfilling these objectives, contribute to **environmental monitoring**, where **interactions** with the **ocean** and the **atmosphere** are involved



Current EUMETSAT satellite fleet

METOP -A and -B (LOW-EARTH, SUN – SYNCHRONOUS ORBIT)

EUMETSAT POLAR SYSTEM/INITIAL JOINT POLAR SYSTEM

Sentinel -3a (LOW-EARTH, SUN-SYNCHRONOUS ORBIT)

Copernicus Global Marine and Land Environment Mission Operated by EUMETSAT

JASON-2, -3 (LOW-EARTH, 63° INCL. NON SYNCHRONOUS ORBIT)

OCEAN SURFACE TOPOGRAPHY MISSION

METEOSAT SECOND GENERATION -9, -10, -11 (GEOSTATIONARY ORBIT)

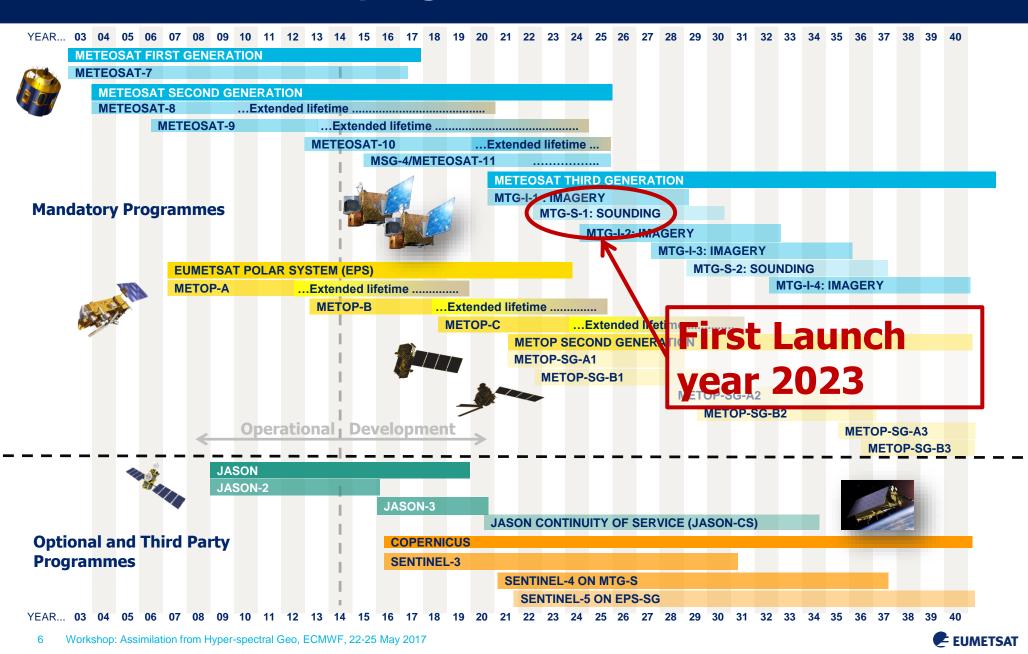
TWO-SATELLITE SYSTEM:

- METEOSAT-11: IN-ORBIT BACKUP
- METEOSAT-10: FULL DISK IMAGERY MISSION AT 0° (15 MN)
- METEOSAT-9: RAPID SCAN SERVICE OVER EUROPE AT 9.5°E (5 MN)

METEOSAT -8 (2nd GENERATION) (GEOSTATIONARY ORBIT)

INDIAN OCEAN DATA COVERAGE MISSION AT 40° E (TBD June 2016)

EUMETSAT future programmes overview



Meteosat Third Generation (MTG): Mission overview

Imagery missions (MTG-I):

 Full disk imagery every 10 minutes in 16 spectral bands with the Flexible Combined Imager (FCI). Fast imaging of European weather every 2.5 minutes
 Day/night Lightning Imager (LI)

Sounding mission (MTG-S):

- 3D mapping of water vapour, temperature with Hyperspectral Infrared (IRS)
- Air quality monitoring and atmospheric chemistry in synergy with Sentinel-4 / Ultraviolet Visible & Near-infrared

Start of operations in 2022 and 2024
Operational exploitation: 2022–2042

Twin satellite concept – based on 3-axis platforms:

4 geostationary imaging satellites (MTG-I) 2 geostationary sounding satellites (MTG-S)

Established through a cooperation between:

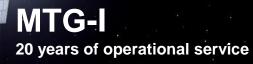
Cesa Ceumetsat

Sentinel-4 Ultra-Violet, Visible & Near-Infrared (UVN)

InfraRed Sounder (IRS)

Data Collection & GEOSAR (D&G)

Flexible Combined Imager (FCI)



Lightning

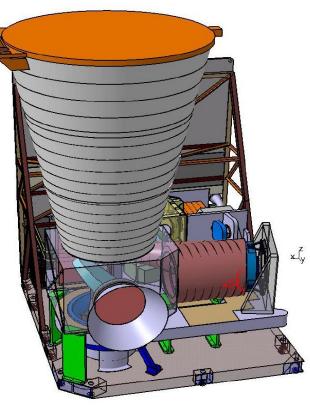
Imager (LI)



MTG-IRS: Instrument Characteristics

The InfraRed Sounder (IRS):

- Is an imaging interferometer with a hyperspectral spectral sampling of 0.625 cm⁻¹ and spectral resolution of 0.754 cm⁻¹
- Has 2 detector arrays with each 160 x 160 detectors
- Is taking measurements in two bands:
 - the Mid-Wave InfraRed (MWIR, 1600–2175 cm⁻¹ or 6.25–4.6 μm) with 900 spectral channels
 - the Long-Wave InfraRed (LWIR, 700–1210 cm⁻¹ or 14.3–8.3 µm) with 800 spectral channels
- Has a spatial resolution of 4 km at nadir and ~10 km at the edges (~7km over Europe)



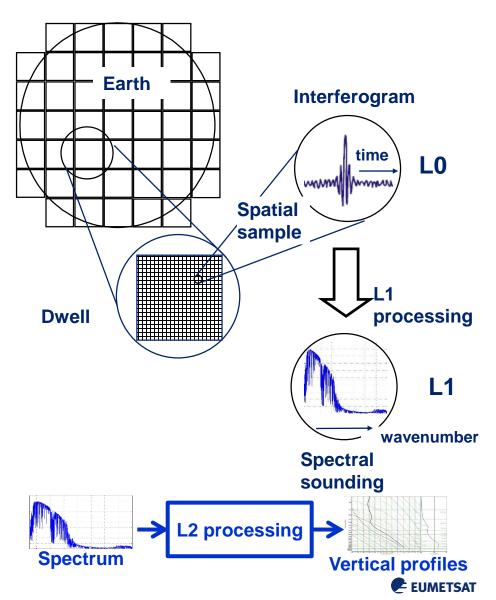
Volume: 1.4 x 1.6 x 2.2 m³ Mass: 400 kg Power: 750 W



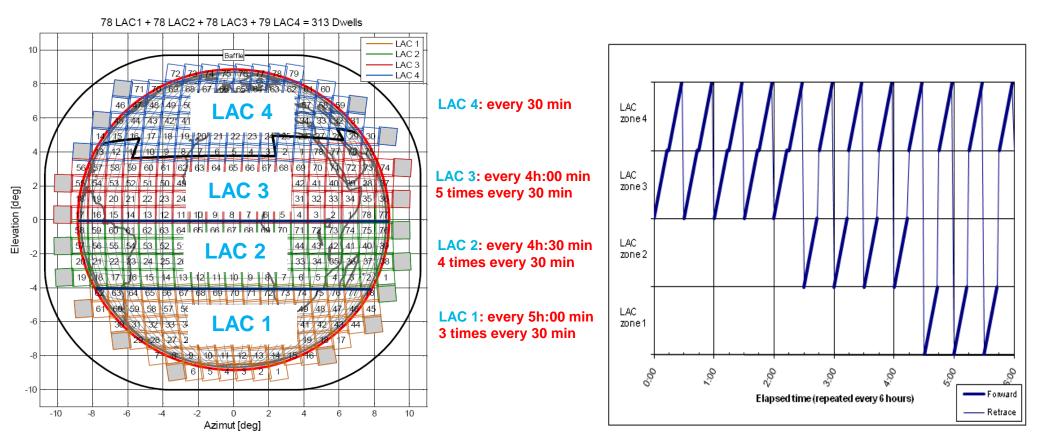
MTG-IRS: Working Principle

- The instrument works in **step-and-stare mode**, with the Earth disc covered through a sequence of contiguous square subimages called **dwells**
- With the current design, each dwell is taken in 10s and covers about 640 x 640 km² (at nadir) with 160 x 160 spatial samples
- Within a single dwell, a set of interferograms, one per spectral sample, is produced
- A spectral sounding is the result of the Fourier transformation of an interferogram from a single spatial sample

L2 processing generates IRS L2 products
 Workshop: Assimilation from Hyper-spectral Geo, ECMWF, 22-25 May 2017



Measurement schedule: 4 Local Area Coverage (LAC) zones, South to North, with LAC4 covering Europe every 30 minutes





The **IRS is a new mission for EUMETSAT:** *a hyperspectral sounder in a geostationary orbit*

Extended experiences on processing of hyperspectral data, as measured by the IASI instrument on Metop-A/-B, exists within EUMETSAT, and also within the EUMETSAT SAF network and the Member States

The **development of the IRS Level 2** product generation processing chain will **capitalise on this valuable IASI heritage**, to produce high-quality, interoperable datasets for users across missions



IRS product dissemination

Level-1: fully calibrated and traceable spectra distributed as Principle Components (and/or full spectra through EUMETCAST terrestrial, tbc) for LAC-1 through LAC-4

→ detailed talk on Level-1 by D. Coppens later today

Level-2 products:

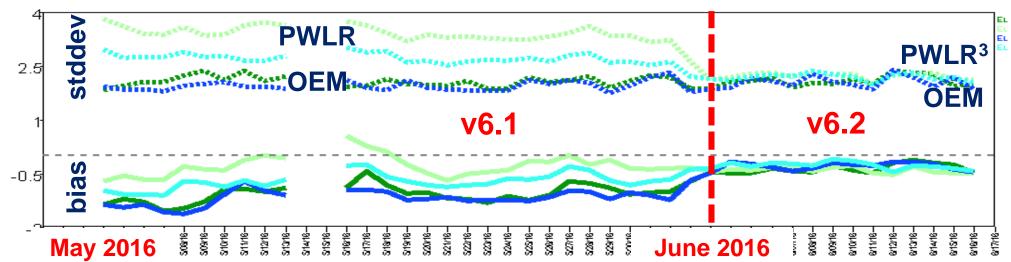
Committed	Non-committed or aspirational
T, q, Ts for LAC-4 (Europe) Note: layers and cloud-free thresholds tbd	T, q, Ts for LAC-1, 2, 3
	AMV profiles, horizontal components
	O3 profiles, CO total column
	Cloud and Aerosol Detection (NWP-SAF)

Timeliness (from dwell to user): 15 min. for level-1, 15-30 min. for level-2, tbc Workshop: Assimilation from Hyper-spectral Geo, ECMWF, 22-25 May 2017

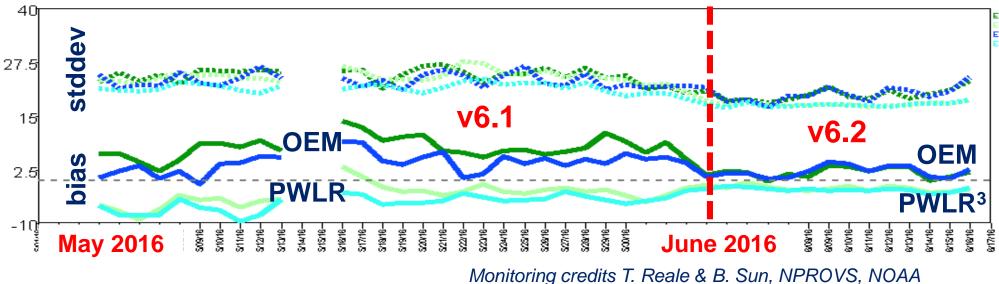


IASI L2 v6 performances Monitoring with in situ data

T@940 hPa :: IASI-A & -B L2 vs radiosondes :: maritime



WV@800 hPa :: IASI-A & -B L2 vs radiosondes :: maritime



EUMETSAT

17 Workshop: Assimilation from Hyper-spectral Geo, ECMWF, 22-25 May 2017

IRS-PWLR³ - IASI L2 v6.2 applied to IRS

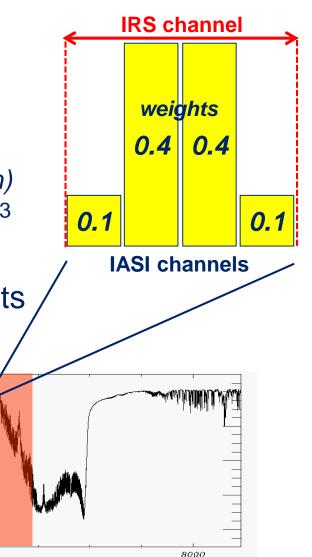
- IRS measurements emulated from IASI spectra
- IRS spectral coverage
- Simple convolution function IASI \rightarrow IRS
- IRS eigenvectors ← convolved IASI covariance
- IRS-PWLR³ trained (*k*-mean clustering and regression) with IRS-ified same training base as IASI-PWLR³ (IR-only).
- IRS-retrievals from IASI convolved measurements

IRS MWIR

4000

IASI spectrum

6000



T. August & T. Hultberg, EUM

18 Workshop: Assimilation from Hyper-spectral Geo, ECMWF, 22-25 May 2017

2000

IRS LWIR

280

260

220

200

Hg 240

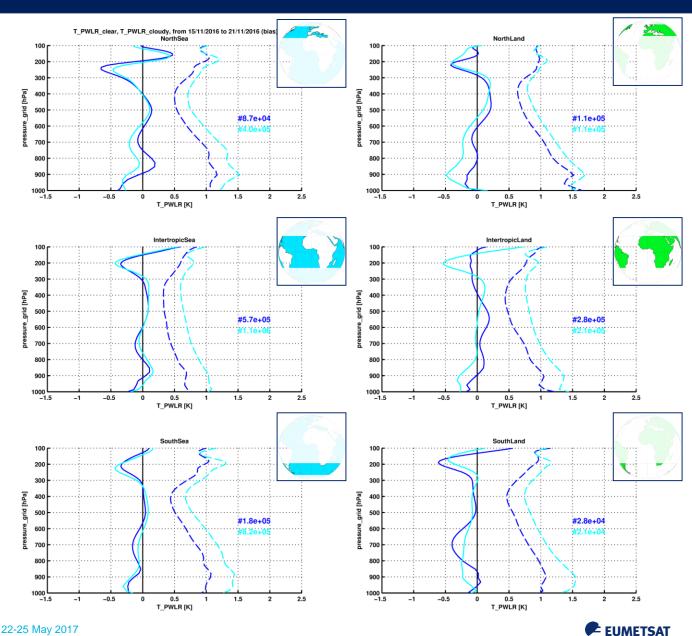
IASI- vs. IRS- Temperature retrieval

IRS-PWLR³

IASI- vs. IRS-Temperature 15-21/11/2016

- Clear-sky

- Cloudy pixels

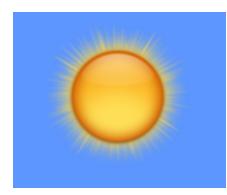


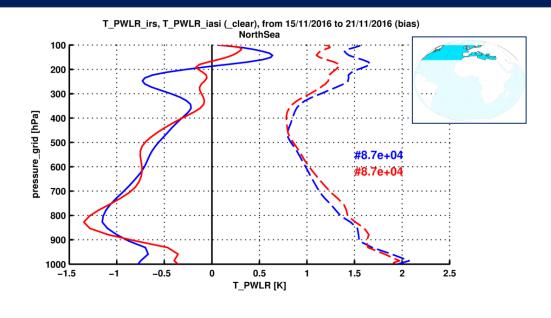
IRS-PWLR³

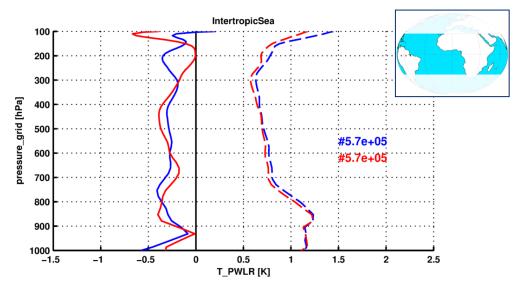
IASI- vs. IRS- Temp. vs. analyses

Temperature retrieval vs. ECMWF analyses 15-21/11/2016 Clear-sky

- IRS-PWLR³ - IASI-PWLR³







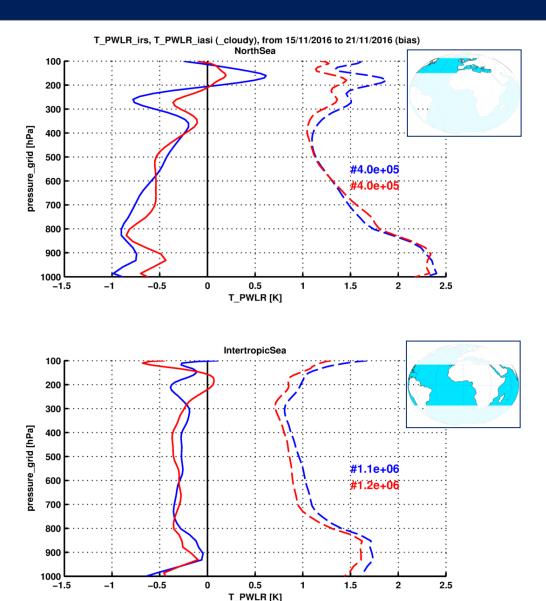
IRS-PWLR³

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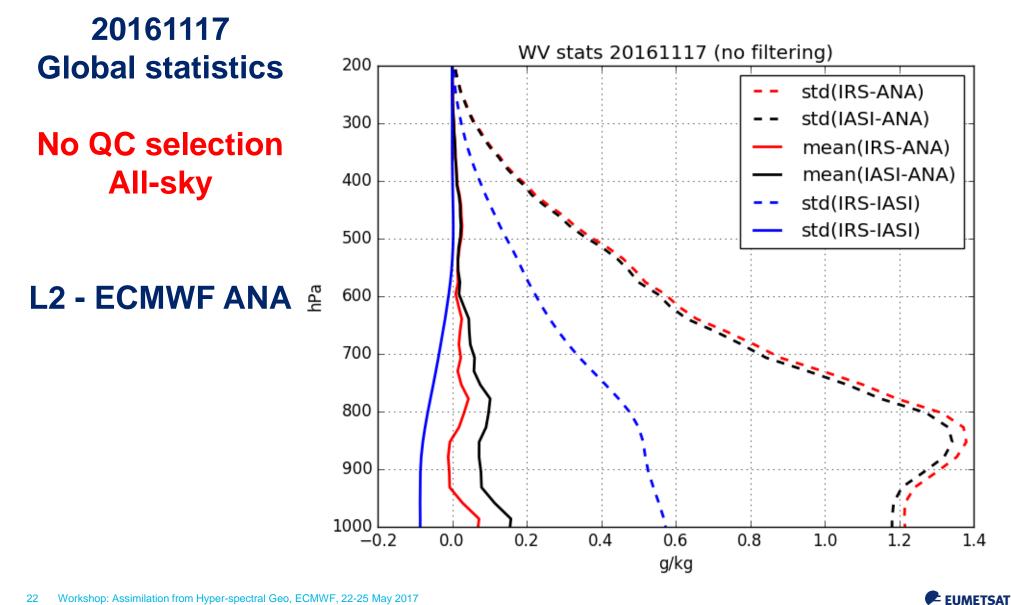






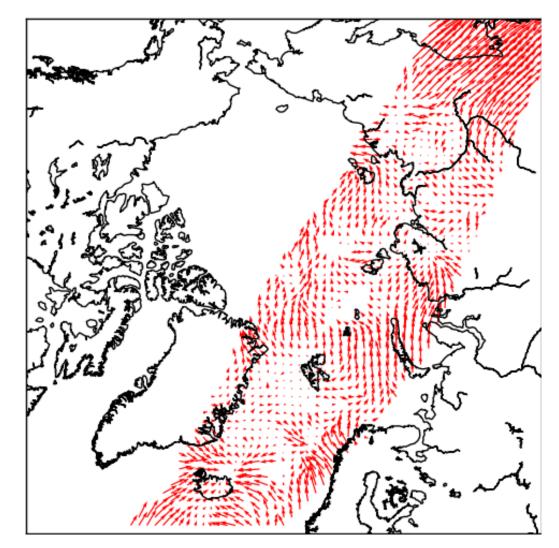
IRS-PWLR³

IASI- vs. IRS- WV vs. analyses



3D winds fields – aspirational MTG-IRS product

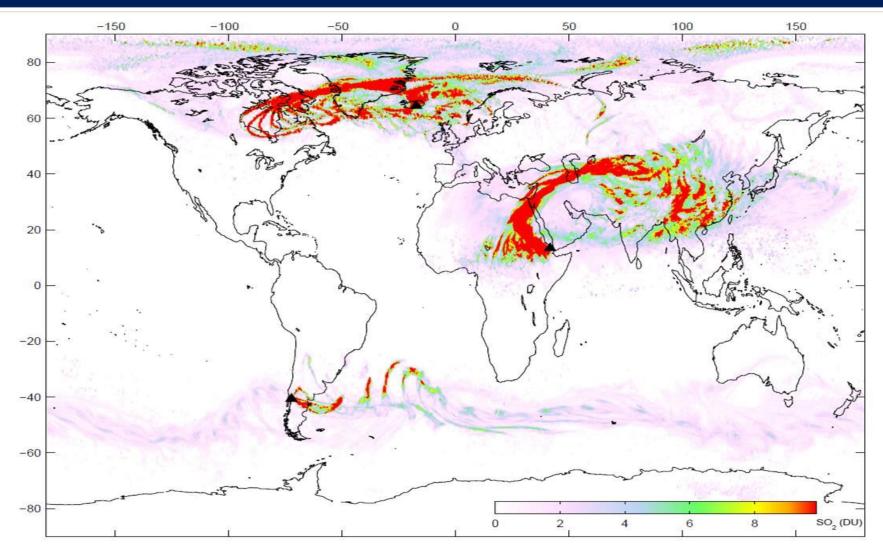
- Development of a 3-D wind product from IASI L2 temperature and humidity fields in preparation of IASI-NG and IRS:
 - Collaboration with P. Héas from INRIA (Rennes in France)
 - Use of 3-D optical flow software – no model apriori data used
 - Proof of concept tested on forecast fields and then applied to IASI L2 products (700hPa example right)



→ Detailed talk on AMVs by R. Borde tomorrow



SO₂ from infrared sounding (to be oper. in IASI v6.3)



Cumulative SO₂ from volcanic eruptions (20 May and 30 June 2011) Courtesy: Clarisse, et al., doi: 10.5194/amt-5-581-2012

Retrieval under development for IRS: IASI-L2VDP

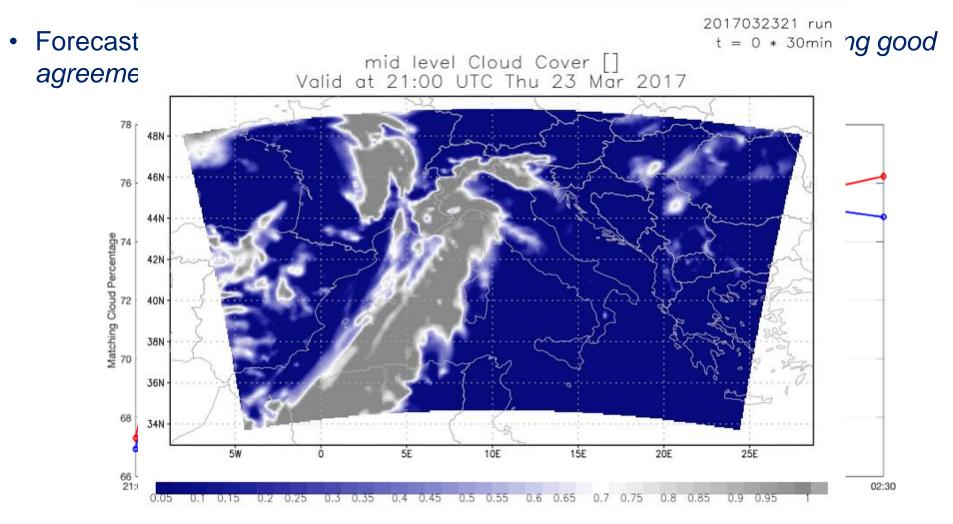
- Full spectra research retrieval of T, q, using OE being developed at EUMETSAT in cooperation with P. Antonelli (SSEC)
- Similar performances to IASI operational algorithm, but with a strong dependence on the forecast for the apriori
- Innovation of the L2VDP is the implementation of the Scaled Projected States (SPS) transformation of Migliorini (2012)
 - Linear and does not require detailed knowledge of the observational system (like radiosonde assimilation)
 - Its transparent (like assimilation of observations from hundreds of different RS stations)
 - Provides information from the surface to the top of DA system
- SPS from L2VDP currently under evaluation by ECMWF, KNMI and CETEMPS

→ Related talk by S. Migliorini tomorrow



IASI-L2VDP: SPS example

 Testing of SPS assimilation for cloud cover in CETEMPS (L'Aquila, IT) severe weather regional model by P. Antonelli (SSEC)



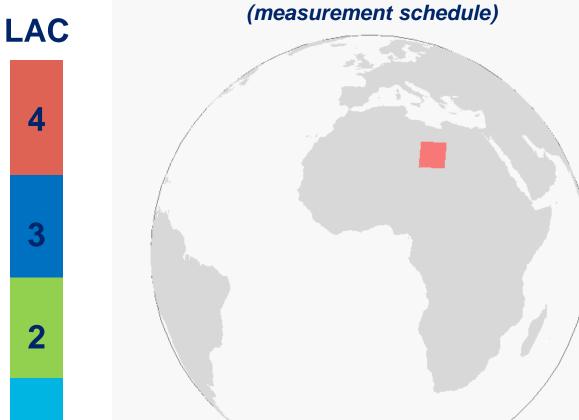
EUMETSAT

- MTG programme and MTG-IRS currently on track for launch in early 2023
- Products development based on IASI heritage, with the aim to provide high-quality, interoperable level-1 and level-2 datasets to users
- New level-2 product developments and applications ongoing at EUMETSAT and within the SAF Network



Thank you for your attention!





Questions?



Current baseline

5 times every 30 min

every 4h30 min 4 times every 30 min

every 5h00 min 3 times every 30 min

