Scalability of IFS on massively parallel computers with special focus on Data Assimilation

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Acknowledgement to Colleagues at ECMWF



#### **Talk overview**

- Project plan
- Future High Performance computers
- Current scaling properties of ECMWF Data Assimilation System
- Conclusion



# **Project Plan**

- Project to initially run for two years
- Prepare for the possibility on running ECMWF's operational codes on massively parallel computers
- Main focus on Data Assimilation where the greatest challenge is foreseen
- Collaborative effort with other groups



# **ECMWF HPC through time**

Cray 1A	1979-1984	1	1
Cray XMP-22	1984-1986	1	2
Cray XMP-48	1986-1990	1	4
Cray Y-MP	1990-1992	1	8
Cray C90	1992-1996	1	16
Fujitsu VPP700	1996-1997	36	36
Fujitsu VPP700	1997-2000	116	116
Fujitsu VPP5000	2000-2003	100	100
IBM P690	2003-2004	30*2	480*2
IBM P690+	2004-2006	70*2	2240*2
IBM P5-575+	2006-2009	155*2	2480*2
IBM P6	2009-2011	~240*2	~8000*2





![](_page_4_Picture_1.jpeg)

# **Next HPC at ECMWF**

- May have in the order of 100,000 cores based on current budget and industry trends
- Contract with IBM for Power6/7 expires June 2013
- Benchmark needs to be ready by the end of 2010
- All components of benchmark should scale reasonably to > 25,000 cores
- Operational codes need to be ready for making efficient use of ~100,000 cores early in 2013

![](_page_5_Picture_6.jpeg)

# The 0000 UTC Operational Suite

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### **Multi-incremental 4D-Var at ECMWF**

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### 4D Var run-time, 32 user threads per node

![](_page_8_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### **Incremental 4D Var speedup**

![](_page_9_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Final minimization, 24 Nodes (96x8)

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Final minimization, 48 Nodes (192x8)

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Final minimization, 48 Nodes

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### First minimization, 48 Nodes

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### **Questions we need to answer**

- What is inhibiting scaling of the current 4D Var?
- What is the impact on scaling of the planned scientific developments for the IFS ?
- Should the continued use of Incremental 4D Var within the foreseeable future be assumed?

![](_page_14_Picture_4.jpeg)

# **Items from ECMWF 10-year strategy**

- Non-hydrostatic model
- Long window 4-D var
- Error correlations of observations
- Ensemble data assimilation
- Additional variables (rain ,CO2,aerosols...)
- Modularization of IFS
- Increased resolution (10km in 2015)

![](_page_15_Picture_8.jpeg)

#### Conclusion

- The ECMWF Data Assimilation System presently does not scale as we would wish it to do
- We need to resolve these problems or look at alternative algorithms

![](_page_16_Picture_3.jpeg)